Jeen Pelavor

Access DB# 92984

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

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Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: 1804	Avsley	Examiner # : 79286	Date: 5/1/03
Art Unit: 1644 Phone N Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location:	umber 30 2-4233 : <u>ID OV</u> Re	Serial Number: <u>O9</u> sults Format Preferred (circle)	PAPER DISK E-MAIL
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.			
Please provide a detailed statement of the s Include the elected species or structures, ke utility of the invention. Define any terms to known. Please attach a copy of the cover s	search topic, and describ eywords, synonyms, acr that may have a special	oe as specifically as possible the sub conyms, and registry numbers, and c meaning. Give examples or relevan	ject matter to be searched. combine with the concept or
Title of Invention:			<u> </u>
Inventors (please provide full names):			
<u> </u>			
Earliest Priority Filing Date:			arous numbers) along with the
For Sequence Searches Only Please includation appropriate serial number.	le all pertinent informatio	n (parent, chua, atvisionat, or issuea p	atent numbers) along with the
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Thanks	Refe Blotechnol CM1 1	Jan Delaval erence Librarlan ogy & Chemical Library E07 – 703-308-4498 letavat@uspto.gov	
STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	**************************************	**************************************
Searcher: a~	NA Sequence (#)	STN	
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Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit	
Date Searcher Picked Up: 183	Bibliographic	Dr.Link	
Date Completed: \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis	
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext Patent Family	Sequence Systems	V
Clerical Prep Time: 3-0 Online Time: + 50	Other	Other (specify)	:
PTO-1590 (8-01)		•	4

=> fil hcaplus Jan Delaval FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:45:21 ON 08 MAY 2003 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19.43.21 ON 00 121.

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 May 2003 VOL 138 ISS 19 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 May 2003 (20030507/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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US 2002051783

GB 1999-8333

PRAI GB 1998-12227

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L41 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2003:174231 HCAPLUS
AN
     138:220357
     Complexes comprising HLA class I molecule and antigenic
     peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system for
     targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease
     Savage, Philip Michael
IN
PA
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 50 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Pat. Appl. 2002
SO
     51,783.
     CODEN: USXXCO
DТ
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K039-395
     ICS C07K016-46
     424178100; 530391100
NCL
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 2, 63
FAN.CNT 3
                         KIND DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                                20030306
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     US 2003044415
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                                19991216
     WO 9964464
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     WO 9964464
                         А3
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              JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
              MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
              TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
              MD, RU, TJ, TM
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                US 2001-878158
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20020502

19980605 <--

19990412 <--

A1

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Α

20010608 <--

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WO 1999-GB1764
                            19990604 <--
                       A2
     US 2000-724985
                      A2
                            20001128
     US 2001-878158
                      Α2
                            20010608
    A complex including an HLA class I mol. and attaching means for
AB
     selectively attaching the HLA class I mol. to a target is disclosed, and a
     method is provided for producing or enhancing an immunol. response against
     a target cell, by attaching said complex to the target cell. Where the
     target cell is diseased, foreign, or malignant cell, this method may be
     used to promote lysis of the target cell by T cells in the immune system,
     Where the target cell is an antigen presenting cell, this method
     may be used to promote proliferation of specific T cell clones. Uses
     include prevention and treatment of diseases including cancer, leukemia,
     infectious diseases, viral infections, such as HIV, bacterial infections,
     such as tuberculosis, and parasitic infections such as malaria.
ST
     HLA antigen monoclonal antibody coupling system cancer infection
     autoimmune
ΙT
     Transcription factors
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (EB1 (Epstein-Barr virus 1); complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
        antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HLA (human leukocyte-assocd.
        antigen); complexes comprising HLA class
        I mol. and antigenic peptide linked via
        binding pair- or antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating
        cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HLA, class I; complexes comprising
        HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HLA, class II; complexes
        comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
        antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HLA-A2; complexes comprising HLA
        class I mol. and antigenic peptide
        linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system for targeting and
        treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
    Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (MAGE (melanoma-assocd. antigen), MAGE; complexes comprising
        HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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```
(MAGE (melanoma-assocd. antigen), MART-1; complexes
        comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
       antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
       and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
    Antigens
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (MAGE (melanoma-assocd. antigen), Mel-A; complexes comprising
        HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
    Antigens
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (MAGE (melanoma-assocd. antigen); complexes comprising
       HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
    Cell proliferation
        (T cell; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
    Infection
        (bacterial; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
IT
     Proteins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (calmodulin-binding; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
        antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
TΤ
     Drug delivery systems
        (carriers; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
    Animal tissue culture
TT
      Antigen-presenting cell
    Antitumor agents
    Autoimmune disease
     Epitopes
     Human
     Human herpesvirus 4
     Human immunodeficiency virus
     Infection
     Influenza virus
     Leukemia
     Linking agents
    Malaria
    Measles virus
    Microorganism
     Parasite
       Protein sequences
     T cell (lymphocyte)
     Tuberculosis
     Vaccines
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     CA 125 (carbohydrate antigen)
     CD20 (antigen)
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Carcinoembryonic antigen
     Prostate-specific antigen
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
TT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
     Avidins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
IΤ
     Calmodulins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     gag proteins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugate; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
TT
     Antibodies
       Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugates; complexes comprising HLA class
        I mol. and antigenic peptide linked via
        binding pair- or antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating
        cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     T cell (lymphocyte)
IΤ
        (cytotoxic; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     Immunoglobulins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fragments; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
IT
     Mucins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (gene MUC1; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
        antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
ΙΤ
     Proteins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (high-mol.-wt.; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
        antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
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IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (immunoconjugates; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
       antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
        antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (linker; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lytic; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
TΤ
     Antibodies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (monoclonal; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
        antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
       antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
       and autoimmune disease)
     T cell (lymphocyte)
ΙT
        (proliferation; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
       antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
       antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
       and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
     Blood
        (sample; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
       for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
ΙT
    Molecules
        (small; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
TT
        (target cell; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and
       antigenic peptide linked via binding pair- or
       antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating cancer, infection
        and autoimmune disease)
TT
    Toxoids
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tetanus; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
    Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tumor-assocd.; complexes comprising HLA class
       I mol. and antigenic peptide linked via
       binding pair- or antibody-coupling system for targeting and treating
       cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
IT
    Vaccines
        (tumor; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
IT
     Antitumor agents
        (vaccines; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
       peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
       for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
```

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Infection
ΙT
        (viral; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     147468-65-3 252290-47-4
ΤТ
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     9002-61-3, Human chorionic gonadotropin
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     58-85-5, Biotin 9013-20-1, Streptavidin
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
     9001-78-9, Alkaline phosphatase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (placental; complexes comprising HLA class I mol. and antigenic
        peptide linked via binding pair- or antibody-coupling system
        for targeting and treating cancer, infection and autoimmune disease)
L41 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2002:276425 HCAPLUS
     136:278141
DN
     Cell fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in
     adoptive immunotherapy
     Nicolette, Charles; Roberts, Bruce L.; Gong, Jianlin; Kufe, Donald
PΑ
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 45 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 618,917.
SO
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DT
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     ICM A61K048-00
IC
     ICS A61K039-00; C12N005-08
     424093210
CC
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
FAN.CNT 4
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                      KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
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     US 2000-618917
                             20000718
     US 2000-642701
                      A1
                           20000812
    The invention is concerned with fusions of dendritic cells and
AΒ
     antigen presenting cells. Also provided are methods of making and
using these cell fusions, including methods of adoptive immunotherapy.
     The fusions according to the invention can also be used in methods for
     antigen discovery. The examples discuss the fusion of dendritic
     cells with cancer cells which express a tumor antigen, and the
     use of these fusion cells in cancer vaccines.
ST
     adoptive immunotherapy dendritic cell cancer fusion
     Cell adhesion molecules
IΤ
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (ICAM-1 (intercellular adhesion mol. 1); fusions of dendritic cells
        with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for
        cancer and other diseases)
     Histocompatibility antigens
TΤ
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex), class I; fusions of dendritic
        cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy
        for cancer and other diseases)
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex), class II; fusions of dendritic
        cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy
        for cancer and other diseases)
IT
    Carcinoma
        (adenocarcinoma, fusion with dendritic cell; fusions of dendritic cells
        with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for
        cancer and other diseases)
IT
     Antitumor agents
        (adenocarcinoma; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells
        and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
TΤ
     Mammary gland
     Ovary, neoplasm
        (carcinoma, fusion with dendritic cell; fusions of dendritic cells with
        non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer
        and other diseases)
     Mammary gland
     Ovary, neoplasm
        (carcinoma, inhibitors; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic
        cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other
IT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (cytotoxic; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and
        their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Lung, neoplasm
     Multiple myeloma
     Neoplasm
     Pancreas, neoplasm
        (fusion with dendritic cell; fusions of dendritic cells with
        non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer
        and other diseases)
        (fusion with non-dendritic cell; fusions of dendritic cells with
        non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer
        and other diseases)
     Adoptive immunotherapy
       Antigen presentation
       Antigen-presenting cell
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Antitumor agents CD4-positive T cell Cytolysis Epitopes Fusion, biological Human Immunostimulation Infection Vaccines (fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) CA 125 (carbohydrate antigen) ΙT CD80 (antigen) CD86 (antigen) Cytokines Interleukin 2 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Peptides, biological studies ΤТ Proteins RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) TΤ Mucins RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (gene MUC1; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Lung, neoplasm TΨ Pancreas, neoplasm (inhibitors; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents TT (lung; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents ΙT (mammary gland carcinoma; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents ΤТ (metastasis; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents TT (myeloma; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) ΙT (neoplasm, fusion with dendritic cell; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Prostate gland ΙT (neoplasm, inhibitors; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents IT (ovary carcinoma; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents TΤ (pancreas; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases) Antitumor agents ΙT (prostate gland; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells

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and their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
    Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (surface; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their
        use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
IΤ
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (tumor-assocd.; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and
        their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
    Vaccines
        (tumor; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their
        use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
     Antitumor agents
IT
        (vaccines; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and
        their use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Infection
        (viral; fusions of dendritic cells with non-dendritic cells and their
        use in adoptive immunotherapy for cancer and other diseases)
    ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2001:185781 HCAPLUS
DN
    134:236223
TI
    Antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-
     1 derived peptides
ΙN
    Taylor-Papadimitriou, Joyce; Heukamp, Lukas Carl;
    Offringa, Rienk; Melief, Cornelis Johanna Maria;
    Acres, Bruce; Thomas, Mireille
    Transgene S.A., Fr.; Imperial Cancer Research Technology, Ltd.
PΑ
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
    ICM C07K007-00
IC
    15-2 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    WO 2001018035 A2
                            20010315
                                          WO 2000-EP8761 20000907 <--
PΙ
     WO 2001018035
                     А3
                            20011108
     WO 2001018035
                     C2
                            20020906
         W: AU, CA, JP
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
                      A2 20020605
                                         EP 2000-965943 20000907 <--
     EP 1210430
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI, CY
PRAI GB 1999-21242
                     Α
                           19990908 <--
                            19990910 <--
     EP 1999-402237
                      Α
     US 2000-187215P
                      Ρ
                            20000303 <--
     WO 2000-EP8761
                      W
                            20000907
AΒ
    Described are peptides and polypeptides derived from
     the MUC-1 polypeptide which are able to
     activate cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) response, analogs of such
    peptides and polypeptides, nucleotide sequences encoding
     such peptides and polypeptides, and therapeutic uses
     thereof. Moreover, indications for selecting appropriate minimal
     antigenic MUC-1 polypeptides with
     ref. to the HLA-type of the patient to be treated or tested are described.
     The MHC class I restricted epitopes and T cells can be used to diagnose,
    prevent or treat cancer or to cause immunosuppression.
ST
    mucin MUC1 peptide antigen immune response
IT
    Histocompatibility antigens
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```
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-A11; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
IT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-A1; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
TT
    Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-A24; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
ΙT
    Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-A2; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
    Histocompatibility antigens
IΤ
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-A3; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
ΙT
    Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-B, HLA-B8 antigens;
        antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-
        1 derived peptides)
TΤ
    Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-B7; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
    Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex), class I; antigenic
        properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived
        peptides)
ΙT
     Cell proliferation
        (T cell; antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of
       MUC-1 derived peptides)
ΙT
     Epitopes
     Gene therapy
     Immunosuppressants
    Molecular cloning
     Plasmid vectors
     Vaccines
     Virus vectors
        (antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-
        1 derived peptides)
     TCR (T cell receptors)
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
```

```
(antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-
        1 derived peptides)
ΙT
     Diagnosis
        (cancer; antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of
       MUC-1 derived peptides)
IT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (cytotoxic; antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of
       MUC-1 derived peptides)
TT
    Neoplasm
        (diagnosis; antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of
       MUC-1 derived peptides)
    Mucins
ΙT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (episialins; antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of
       MUC-1 derived peptides)
ΙT
     cDNA sequences
        (for human mucin MUC-1 and derived peptides
        )
ΙT
    Animal cell
        (mammalian, recombinant expression host; antigenic properties
        and therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived
        peptides)
ΙT
     Protein sequences
        (of human mucin MUC-1 and derived peptides
IT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (proliferation; antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of
       MUC-1 derived peptides)
ΙT
     Animal cell
     Yeast
        (recombinant expression host; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
TΤ
     Interferons
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (.gamma., identifying MHC class I restricted T cell response;
        antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-
        1 derived peptides)
                                  330486-37-8
IΤ
     330486-35-6
                   330486-36-7
                                                330486-38-9
                                                              330486-39-0
     330486-40-3
                   330486-41-4
                                  330486-42-5
                                                330486-43-6
                                                              330486-44-7
     330486-45-8
                   330486-46-9
                                 330486-47-0
                                                330486-48-1
                                                              330486-49-2
     330486~50-5
                   330486-51-6
                                  330486-52-7
                                                330486-53-8
                                                              330486-54-9
     330486-55-0
                   330486-56-1
                                  330486-57-2
                                                330486-58-3
                                                              330486-59-4
                   330486-61-8
                                 330486-62-9
                                                330486-63-0
                                                              330486-64-1
     330486-60-7
     330486-65-2
     RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (DNA encoding antigenic epitope peptide;
        antigenic properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-
        1 derived peptides)
     330486-34-5, Episialin (human)
ΙT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological
     occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
        (amino acid sequence; antigenic properties and therapeutic
        uses of MUC-1 derived peptides)
                                  257943-64-9
                                                257943-65-0
                                                              257943-68-3
     121501-23-3
                   158092-77-4
IT
     300810-94-0
                   329365-51-7
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                                                329365-53-9
                                                              329365-54-0
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329365-73-3
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                                 329365-75-5 329365-76-6 329365-77-7
                 329365-74-4 329365-75-5
329365-79-9 329365-80-2
     329365-78-8
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antigenic epitope peptide; antigenic
        properties and therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived
ΤТ
     330030-02-9, DNA (human episialin cDNA plus flanks)
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
        (nucleotide sequence; antigenic properties and therapeutic
        uses of MUC-1 derived peptides)
ΙT
     330487-05-3
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; antigenic properties and
        therapeutic uses of MUC-1 derived peptides
                               141368-69-6
                   140397-28-0
                                               152647-27-3
                                                              160790-25-0
ΙT
     129633-71-2
                                              330431-79-3
     180695-71-0
                   199185-50-7
                                 199185-53-0
                                                              330431-80-6
     330431-81-7 330431-82-8
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed sequence; antigenic properties and therapeutic
        uses of MUC-1 derived peptides)
L41 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2000:738783 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     133:280561
     Peptides for induction of an immune reaction against tumor cells
TI
     Brossart, Peter; Stevanovic, Stefan; Brugger, Wolfram; Kanz, Lothar;
IN
     Rammensee, Hans Georg
PΑ
     Eberhard-Karls-Universitaet Tuebingen Universitaetsklinikum, Germany
SO
     Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
TC:
     ICM C07K007-06
     ICS A61K039-00; A61K038-08; A61P037-04
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     ______
     DE 1991<sup>1</sup>7195 A1 WO 2000063363 A1
                            20001019
                                           DE 1999-19917195 19990416 <--
ΡI
                                           WO 2000-EP2699 20000328 <--
                            20001026
         W: AU, CA, JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
                                           EP 2000-926764 20000328 <--
     EP 1171587
                       Α1
                           20020116
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
PRAI DE 1999-19917195 A
                            19990416 <--
     WO 2000-EP2699
                      W
                            20000328
     A peptide to induce an immune reaction against tumor cells, is
AB
     described. It exhibits a fragment of proteins encoded by gene MUC
     -1, which can induce a HLA-A2-restricted immune reaction.
     antitumor agent MUC1 peptide CTL cytotoxicity
TΤ
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (HLA-A2; peptides for induction of immune
        reaction against tumor cells)
ΙT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (cytotoxic; peptides for induction of immune reaction against
```

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tumor cells)
IT
     Mucins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; peptides for induction of immune reaction
        against tumor cells)
IT
     Gene, animal
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (mucl; peptides for induction of immune reaction
        against tumor cells)
     Antigen presentation
     Antitumor agents
     Cytotoxicity
     Dendritic cell
     MHC restriction
        (peptides for induction of immune reaction against tumor
     238736-51-1, Stappvhnv peptide+
                                          238736-52-2, Lllltvltv
IT
     peptide+
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (peptides for induction of immune reaction against tumor
        cells)
RE.CNT 2
               THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Anon; EP 823438 A1 HCAPLUS
(2) Anon; WO 9803502 A2 HCAPLUS
L41 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     2000:628172 HCAPLUS
DN
     133:221589
     T-cell immunostimulatory glycopeptides
ΤT
     Burchell, Joy; Taylor-Papadimitriou, Joyce
IN
     Imperial Cancer Research Technology Limited, UK
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
     Patent
ከጥ
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C07K014-47
     ICS C12N015-00
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 14
FAN.CNT 1
                       KIND DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                              -----
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                                            WO 2000-GB724
     WO 2000052046
                       A1
                              20000908
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         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
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              IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
         MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
              DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
              CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
36 Al 20011128 EP 2000-906521
                                             EP 2000-906521 20000301 <--
     EP 1157036
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                        T2
     JP 2002542156
                              20021210
                                              JP 2000-602270
                                                                 20000301 <--
                              19990301 <--
PRAI GB 1999-4695
                        Α
     WO 2000-GB724
                              20000301
                        W
     The authors disclose glycopeptides capable of inducing a strong
     proliferative response by human T cells. In one embodiment the
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glycopeptide is derived from the MUC1 tandem repeat.
     This peptide enhances the proliferative response of peripheral
     blood lymphocytes from humans with breast cancer and induces a type 1
     cytokine profile.
ST
     immunostimulation glycopeptide T cell
IT
     Cell proliferation
        (T cell; in response to glycopeptides)
IT
     Glycopeptides
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as T-cell immunostimulants)
IT
     Mucins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; T-cell proliferative response to glycopeptides
        based on tandem repeat of)
TΤ
     Bioassay
        (for T-cell response to mitogen)
IT
     Immunostimulants
        (glycopeptides as)
ΙT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (helper cell/inducer, TH1; immunostimulatory glycopeptides
        induce differentiation to)
     Species differences
TΤ
        (in T-cell proliferative response to glycopeptides)
TΤ
     Antigen-presenting cell
        (in enhanced proliferative response by T-cells to glycopeptides
        )
IT
     Mammary gland
        (neoplasm; glycopeptide-induced proliferative response of
        T-cells from humans with)
TT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (proliferation; in response to glycopeptides)
TT
     Vaccines
     Vaccines
        (tumor; immunostimulatory glycopeptides for T-cells in)
TΤ
     Antitumor agents
     Antitumor agents
        (vaccines; immunostimulatory glycopeptides for T-cells in)
ΙT
     Adoptive immunotherapy
        (with T-cells expanded by immunostimulatory glycopeptides)
ΙT
     Diagnosis
        (with immunostimulatory glycopeptides)
     5143-15-7D, peptides contg. 14215-68-0D, N-Acetyl-.alpha.-D-
TΤ
     galactosamine, peptides contg. 210696-99-4 210697-01-1
     210697-02-2 210697-03-3 210697-04-4 290828-76-1D, glycosylated
                                               210697-09-9
                                                             210697-13-5
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (proliferative response of T-cells to)
ΙT
     291527-73-6
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; t-cell immunostimulatory
        glycopeptides)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Bay Dev Corp Sa; GB 2288401 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(2) Biomembrane Inst; WO 8908711 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(3) Boehringer Ingelheim Int; WO 9201055 A 1992 HCAPLUS
(4) Dana Farber Cancer Inst Inc; WO 9817300 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(5) Finn, O; WO 9503825 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(6) Hanisch, F; DE 19758400 A 1999 HCAPLUS
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(7) Kirin, B; EP 0754703 A 1997 HCAPLUS
(8) Livingston, P; WO 9734921 A 1997 HCAPLUS
(9) Nilsson, K; WO 9607753 A 1996 HCAPLUS
(10) United Biomedical Inc; WO 9622067 A 1996 HCAPLUS
L41 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2000:573687 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     133:176168
TΙ
     Antigenic peptide concatomers
     Shankara, Srinivas; Nicolette, Charles A.
IN
     Genzyme Corporation, USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
     ICM A61K039-00
ICS A61K038-00; C12N015-00; C12N015-19
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 3
FAN.CNT 2
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
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                                            ______
     WO 2000047229 A2 20000817
WO 2000047229 A3 20001214
                                             WO 2000-US3655 20000210 <--
PΙ
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN,
             MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
             RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                       A2 20011107
                                       EP 2000-908619
                                                               20000210 <--
     EP 1150708
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2002536008 T2 20021029
                                             JP 2000-598180
                                                               20000210 <--
US 2002065241 A1 20020530
PRAI US 1999-120002P P 19990211 <--
                                             US 2001-928213
                                                               20010810 <--
     US 1999-120002P P 19990211 <--
US 1999-161845P P 19991027 <--
     US 1999-162170P P
                            19991028
                                       <--
     WO 2000-US3655 W
                            20000210
     Recombinant polynucleotide that contains a plurality of first
AB
     polynucleotides encoding an antigenic peptide are
     provided by this invention. The first polynucleotides are operatively
     linked to each other to enhance translation of the polynucleotides to the
     antigenic peptide and binding of the antigenic
     peptide to MHC mols. In a further embodiment, the recombinant
     contains a plurality of a second polynucleotide encoding multiple copies
     of antigenic peptides having an amino acid sequence
     that is different from the peptides encoded by the first
     polynucleotides. The polynucleotides are useful as cancer vaccines or in
     adoptive immunotherapy. In these embodiments, the polynucleotides encode
     an antigenic peptide that will induce an immune
     response to a tumor or cancer. Alternatively, the polypeptides
     encode antigens that induce T cell anergy for use in autoimmune
     disorders. Still further, the antigen is a pathogenic
     antigen to induce an immune response against a pathogen such a
     virus or bacterial pathogen.
     pathogen cancer antigen vaccine adoptive immunotherapy
     Histocompatibility antigens
TΤ
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
```

```
(MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex); polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
IT
     Proteins, specific or class
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (TRP-1 (tyrosinase-related protein 1); polynucleotides encoding
        tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for
        use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
    Proteins, specific or class
ΙT
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (TRP-2 (tyrosinase-related protein 2); polynucleotides encoding
        tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for
        use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
    Antigens
    RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (costimulatory mol.; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
       vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
     Lymphocyte
IT
        (effector cell, immune; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (episialins, Muc-1; polynucleotides encoding
        tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for
        use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (gene delivery vehicle; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Glycoproteins, specific or class
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (gp100; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen,
        cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
        adoptive immunotherapy)
TΤ
     Glycoproteins, specific or class
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (gp209; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen,
        cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
        adoptive immunotherapy)
     Gene, animal
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (mRNA stability element of .alpha.-globulin gene; polynucleotides
        encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and costimulatory
        mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
     Genetic element
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (mRNA stability; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen
        , cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
        adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Animal cell
        (mammalian; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen,
        cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
```

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adoptive immunotherapy)
IT
     Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (melanoma-assocd., MART-1; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy).
TΤ
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (melanoma-assocd., melan-A; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Antigens
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (melanoma-assocd.; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
ΤT
     Adoptive immunotherapy
     Animal virus
      Antigen-presenting cell
     Bacteria (Eubacteria)
     Dendritic cell
     Epitopes
     Eukaryote (Eukaryotae)
     Immunomodulators
     Immunotherapy
     Liposomes
     Mammal (Mammalia)
     Pathogen
     Plasmids
     Prokaryote
     Vaccines
     Virus vectors
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
     Cytokines
TΤ
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Carcinoembryonic antigen
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
     Polynucleotides
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
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neu (receptor)
TΥ
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
     mRNA
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (stability element; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Antigens
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (tumor-assocd.; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen
        , cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
        adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Vaccines
     Vaccines
        (tumor; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen,
        cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
        adoptive immunotherapy)
ΙT
     Antitumor agents
     Antitumor agents
        (vaccines; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen,
        cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in
        adoptive immunotherapy)
     Globulins, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (.alpha.-globulin; polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd.
        antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for use as cancer
        vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
     137632-09-8, HER2 receptor kinase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polynucleotides encoding tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and
        costimulatory mol. for use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive
        immunotherapy)
     9002-10-2, Tyrosinase
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tumor-assocd. antigen; polynucleotides encoding
        tumor-assocd. antigen, cytokine and costimulatory mol. for
        use as cancer vaccine or in adoptive immunotherapy)
    ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2000:98749 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     132:147631
DN
TI
     Tumor-associated antigen peptides and use thereof in
     anti-tumor vaccines
     Eisenbach, Lea; Carmon, Lior; Tirosh, Boaz; Bar-Haim, Erez; Paz, Adrian;
IN
     Fridkin, Matityahu; Fitzer-Attas, Cheryl
     Yeda Research and Development Company Ltd At the Weizmann Institute of
PΑ
     Scien, Israel; Bio-Technology General Corp.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
     ICM C12N015-12
         C07K014-47; C07K014-705; C12N009-16; C12N009-64; A61K038-17;
          A61K038-46; A61K038-47; C12N015-55; C12N015-57; C12N005-08
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3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 6, 14, 15
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                            WO 1999-IL417 19990729 <--
                       ____
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     WO 2000006723
                      A1 20000210
PΤ
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
              JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
              TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                      A1 20000221 AU 1999-50629 19990729 <--
A1 20010523 EP 1999-935028 19990729 <--
     AU 9950629
     EP 1100901
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                      A 19980730 <--
PRAI IL 1998-125608
     WO 1999-IL417
                       W
                             19990729 <--
     The present invention relates to tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
     peptides, polynucleotides encoding TAAs, cells presenting TAAs,
     and uses thereof in anti-tumor vaccines. More particularly, the present
     invention relates to tumor-assocd. antigen peptides
     derived from Uroplakin Ia, Ib, II and III, Prostate specific
     antigen (PSA), Prostate acid phosphatase (PAP) and Prostate
     specific membrane antigen (PSMA), BA-46 (Lactadherin), Mucin (
     MUC-1), and Teratocarcinoma-derived growth factor
     (CRIPTO-1) and the use of same in anti-tumor vaccines to prevent or cure
     bladder, prostate, breast or other cancers, carcinomas in particular.
     Most particularly, the present invention relates to tumor-assocd.
     antigen peptides which are presentable to the immune
     system by HLA-A2 mols. Sequences of the disclosed TAAs are provided.
ST
     sequence tumor assocd antigen cancer vaccine
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (HLA, class II, binding of TAAs to;
        modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA) peptides and
        use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
         (MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex), class I, binding of TAAs to;
        modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA) peptides and
        use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
IT
     Prostate-specific antigen
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
        peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
     Proteins, specific or class
TΤ
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (Uroplakin II, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
        peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
     Proteins, specific or class
IΤ
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (Uroplakin III, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen
         (TAA) peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
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ΙT
    Proteins, specific or class
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Uroplakin Ia, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
       peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
    Proteins, specific or class
IT
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Uroplakin Ib, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
       peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
    Peptides, biological studies
ΤТ
    RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (analogs; modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
       peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     Intestine, neoplasm
        (colon; modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA) peptides
        and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
    Peptides, biological studies
    RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cyclic, modification of; modified tumor-assocd. antigen
        (TAA) peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     Polynucleotides
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (encoding TAAs; modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
       peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
    Mucins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (episialins, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
       peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     B cell (lymphocyte)
     Dendritic cell
     Fibroblast
    Macrophage
        (expression of TAAs in; modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
        peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
TT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (helper cell, use in vaccine; modified tumor-assocd. antigen
        (TAA) peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
     Proteins, specific or class
TT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lactadherin (BA-46), TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen
        (TAA) peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
IT
    Mammal (Mammalia)
        (mammalian tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA) peptides and
        use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     Carcinoma
     Ovary, neoplasm
     Pancreas, neoplasm
     Stomach, neoplasm
     Thyroid gland, neoplasm
        (modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA) peptides and
        use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
TΤ
     Head
     Mammary gland
     Neck, anatomical .
     Prostate gland
       (neoplasm; modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
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peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (prostate-specific membrane antigen, TAAs derived from;
        tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA) peptides and use
        thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
IT
     Growth factors, animal
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (teratocarcinoma-derived, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd.
        antigen (TAA) peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor
        vaccines)
ΙT
    Antitumor agents
       Protein sequences
        (tumor-assocd. antigen peptides and use thereof in
        anti-tumor vaccines)
TΤ
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN
     (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (tumor-assocd. antigen peptides and use thereof in
        anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     Antigens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN
     (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (tumor-assocd.; tumor-assocd. antigen peptides and
        use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
ΙT
     Vaccines
     Vaccines
        (tumor; tumor-assocd. antigen peptides and use
        thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
IT
    Antitumor agents
    Antitumor agents
        (vaccines; tumor-assocd. antigen peptides and use
        thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
     151423-95-9P
                   151423-99-3P
                                   160213-53-6P
                                                  160213-54-7P
                                                                 160214-77-7P
     160214-78-8P
                   160215-49-6P
                                   168650-46-2P
                                                  187968-03-2P
                                                                 187968-05-4P
                                   187968-10-1P
     187968-08-7P
                    187968-09-8P
                                                  187968-15-6P
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                    257943-97-8P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN
     (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (amino acid sequence; modified tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
       peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
IT
     9001-77-8
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
```

```
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (prostate, TAAs derived from; tumor-assocd. antigen (TAA)
        peptides and use thereof in anti-tumor vaccines)
RE, CNT
              THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Austin Research Inst; WO 9711715 A 1997 HCAPLUS
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(10) Weinstein, B; CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY OF AMINO ACIDS, PEPTIDES, AND
    PROTEINS V7, P266
L41 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1999:25098 HCAPLUS
    130:221860
DN
TΙ
     A short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces anti-mucin (
    MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with human ovarian
     and breast cancer cells
     Avichezer, Dody; Taylor-Papadimitriou, Joyce; Arnon, Ruth
ΑU
     Department of Immunology, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot,
CS
     76100, Israel
     Cancer Biochemistry Biophysics (1998), 16(1-2), 113-128
SO
     CODEN: CABCD4; ISSN: 0305-7232
     Gordon & Breach Science Publishers
PΒ
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     15-3 (Immunochemistry)
CC
     The present study describes the prodn. of a synthetic hexapeptide
AR
     (DTRPAP)-based anti-mucin (MUC-1) antibody, similar to
     those produced using either the intact mucin antigen or tumor exts. This
     antibody was generated by immunization of rabbits with the synthetic
     peptide conjugated to bovine serum albumin as a carrier. Using
     both the ELISA and FACS anal. methods, we have shown that the antibody is
     reactive with human ovarian and breast cancer cells, but not with normal
     epithelial breast cells. This antibody is different from the previously
     reported anti-mucin HMFG-1, HMFG-2 and SM-3 monoclonal antibodies, since
     competitive expts. with the free synthetic peptide revealed only
     a 30% inhibition of HMFG-1 binding to the ovarian (OVCAR-3) cancer cells,
     as compared to 78% inhibition of the anti-synthetic peptide
     antibody. The peptide was non-inhibitory for HMFG-2, and
     induced a significant and reproducible stimulation of the SM-3 binding
     activity to the tumor cells.
     MUC1 peptide antibody cancer diagnosis
ST
TΤ
     Diagnosis
        (cancer; short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces anti-mucin
        (MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with human
        ovarian and breast cancer cells)
TΨ
     Neoplasm
        (diagnosis; short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces
        anti-mucin (MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with
        human ovarian and breast cancer cells)
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces
        anti-mucin (MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with
        human ovarian and breast cancer cells)
     Mammary gland
        (neoplasm; short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces
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anti-mucin (MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with
        human ovarian and breast cancer cells)
IT
     Ovary, neoplasm
        (short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces anti-mucin (
        MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with human ovarian
        and breast cancer cells)
TΤ
     Antibodies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN
      (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
      (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
      (Uses)
         (short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces anti-mucin (
        MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with human ovarian
        and breast cancer cells)
TΤ
     157414-48-7
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (short synthetic peptide (DTRPAP) induces anti-mucin (
        MUC-1) antibody, which is reactive with human ovarian
        and breast cancer cells)
RE, CNT
               THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE

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L41 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     1998:799168 HCAPLUS
DN
     130:152317
ΤI
     Crystal structure at 1.95 .ANG. resolution of the breast tumor-specific
     antibody SM3 complexed with its peptide epitope reveals novel
     hypervariable loop recognition
     Dokurno, Pawel; Bates, Paul A.; Band, Heather A.; Stewart, Lorna M. D.;
     Lally, John M.; Burchell, Joy M.; Taylor-Papadimitriou, Joyce;
     Snary, David; Sternberg, Michael J. E.; Freemont, Paul S.
     Molecular Structure and Function Laboratory, Imperial Cancer Research
     Fund, London, WC2A 3PX, UK
SO
     Journal of Molecular Biology (1998), 284(3), 713-728
     CODEN: JMOBAK; ISSN: 0022-2836
     Academic Press
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     15-3 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 75
     The anti-breast tumor antibody SM3 has a high selectivity in reacting
     specifically with carcinoma-assocd. mucin. SM3 recognizes the core
     repeating motif (Pro-Asp-Thr-Arg-Pro) of aberrantly glycosylated
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epithelial mucin 'MUC1, and has potential as a therapeutic and
     diagnostic tool. Here the authors report the crystal structure of the Fab
     fragment of SM3 in complex with a 13-residue MUC1
    peptide antigen (Thr1P-Ser2P-Ala3P-Pro4P-Asp5P-Thr6P-Arg7P-Pro8P-
    Ala9P-Pro10P-Gly11P-Ser12P-Thr13P). The SM3-MUC1 peptide structure was solved by mol. replacement, and the current
    model is refined at 1.95 .ANG. resoln. with an R-factor of 21.3% and
    R-free 28.3%. The MUC1 peptide is bound both by
    non-polar interactions and hydrogen bonds in an elongated groove in the
    antibody-combining site through interactions with CDR regions, three of
     the light chain (L1, L2, L3) and two of the heavy chain (H1 and H3). The
     conformation of the peptide is mainly extended with no
     discernable std. secondary structure. There is a single non-proline cis-
    peptide bond in H3 (Val95H-Gly96H-Gln97H-Phe98H-Ala101H-Tyr102H)
     between Gly96H and Gln97H, which appears to play a role in SM3-
    peptide antigen interactions, and represents the first such
     example within an antibody hypervariable loop. The SM3-MUC1
    peptide structure has implications for rational therapeutic and
    diagnostic antibody engineering. (c) 1998 Academic Press.
ST
    crystal structure antibody Fab peptide MUC1 mucin
ΙT
    Mucins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; crystal structure of SM3 antibody Fab fragment complexed
        with peptide of)
IT
     Immunoglobulins
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (fragments, Fab fragments, complexes with MUC1
        peptide; crystal structure of)
IT
     Diastereomers
        (geometric; non-proline cis-peptide bond in SM3 antibody Fab
        fragment heavy chain CDR3 region in interaction with peptide
        epitope)
ፐጥ
    Molecular surface
        (of SM3 antibody Fab fragment complexed with peptide)
ΙT
     Crystal structure
        (of breast tumor MUC1 peptide complexed with SM3
        antibody Fab fragment)
IT
     200066-32-6D, antibody Fab complexes
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (crystal structure of)
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- Peptides bound in the groove of MHC class I mols. and detected by cytotoxic T cells (CTLs) are not normally accessible to Ab. The authors now report that MUC1 peptides that are bound within the groove of MHC class I mols. (H2 and HLA) and that can be detected by CTLs can also be detected by anti-MUC1 Abs. MAbs to the middle and C-terminal regions of the class I-assocd. peptides but not to the N terminus could react with MUC1 peptides

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bound to H2Kb and HLA-A*0201, and only to the mid-region for H2Db, by flow
     cytometry and also to block CTL activity. Mol. modeling showed that the N
    terminus is buried (and not accessible), whereas the midpeptide
    residues form a loop and the C terminus is free, making these two regions
    accessible to Ab. The findings demonstrate for the first time that
    peptides assocd. with class I mols. can be detected by anti-
    peptide.
    MUC1 antibody peptide MHC class I
ST
    Histocompatibility antigens
IT
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (H-2Db; anti-MUC1 antibodies react
        directly with MUC1 peptides presented by class I
        H-2 and HLA mols.)
IT
    Histocompatibility antigens
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (H-2Kb; anti-MUC1 antibodies react
        directly with MUC1 peptides presented by class I
        H-2 and HLA mols.)
    Histocompatibility antigens
IT
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (HLA-A, *0201; anti-MUC1 antibodies react
        directly with MUC1 peptides presented by class I
        H-2 and HLA mols.)
    Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex), class I; anti-MUC1
        antibodies react directly with MUC1 peptides
        presented by class I H-2 and HLA mols.)
TΥ
    Antigen presentation
    Molecular modeling
        (anti-MUC1 antibodies react directly with MUC1
        peptides presented by class I H-2 and HLA mols.)
     Peptides, biological studies
TT
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (anti-MUC1 antibodies react directly with MUC1
        peptides presented by class I H-2 and HLA mols.)
IT
     Antibodies
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (anti-MUC1 antibodies react directly with MUC1
        peptides presented by class I H-2 and HLA mols.)
IT
     Mucins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; anti-MUC1 antibodies react directly with
        MUC1 peptides presented by class I H-2 and HLA mols.)
                  126391-97-7 129474-44-8
                                             130769-72-1
                                                            141646-02-8
ΙT
     36301-96-9
     142115-21-7
                   158092-77-4
                                198020-60-9
                                              211811-17-5
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (anti-MUC1 antibodies react directly with {\tt MUC1}
        peptides presented by class I H-2 and HLA mols.)
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- CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

 Sixteen metastatic breast cancer patients were immunized with a low dose (5 .mu.g) of a 16 amino acid MUC1 peptide (GVTSAPDTRPAPGSTA) conjugated to KLH (BP16-KLH) plus DETOX adjuvant and evaluated for antibody titers against MUC1 peptide and KLH and for cytotoxic lymphocyte (CTL) activity using class I KLA-matched MUC1-pos. tumor targets. All patients generated strong anti-KLH IgG responses. Only 3 patients developed an anti-MUC1 IgG

LA

English

response, which was weak in magnitude. As it is controversial whether human cancer patients generate class-I-restricted CTL against MUC1 , we examd. anti-MUC1 CTL activity of PBLs following 4 immunizations with BP16-KLH. The generation of MUC1-specific CTLs required only a 6-day in vitro stimulation of patients' T-cells with synthetic MUC1-peptide-pulsed autologous APCs. The assay for CTL activity was a 4 h 51Cr release from labeled adenocarcinoma target cells. Eleven of the 16 immunized patients were tested for CTL activity using class-I-matched adenocarcinoma target cell lines. Evidence for class-I-restricted killing of MUC1-expressing tumor cell lines was obtained in 7 of these 11. breast cancer MUC1 cytotoxic T lymphocyte Immunoglobulins RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (G; anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) Histocompatibility antigens RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence) (MHC (major histocompatibility complex), class I; anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) Peptides, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (MUC1; anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) T cell (lymphocyte) TΤ (cytotoxic; anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) ΙT Mucins RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (episialins; anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) ΙT Mammary gland (neoplasm; anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) IT 149205-73-2 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (anti-MUC1 class I restricted CTLs in metastatic breast cancer patients immunized with a synthetic MUC1 peptide) RE.CNT THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD (1) Acres, R; J Immunother 1993, V14, P136 HCAPLUS (2) Agrawal, B; J Immunol 1996, V157, P2089 HCAPLUS (3) Agrawal, B; Nature (Med) 1998, V4, P43 HCAPLUS (4) Apostolopoulos, V; Cancer Res 1994, V54, P5186 HCAPLUS
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- ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L41
- 1998:211482 HCAPLUS AN
- DN 129:3654
- Intercellular and intracellular events following the MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on the epithelial antigen MUC1
- Magarian-Blander, Julie; Ciborowski, Pawel; Hsia, Shyuan; Watkins, Simon ΑU C.; Finn, Olivera J.
- Departments Molecular Genetics and Biochemistry, Univ. Pittsburgh School CS Medicine, Pittsburgh, PA, 15261, USA
- Journal of Immunology (1998), 160(7), 3111-3120 SO CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767
- PΒ American Association of Immunologists
- DTJournal
- English LA
- 15-2 (Immunochemistry)
- We examd. the functional and mol. parameters involved in direct TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on the tumor Ag MUC1. This peptide epitope is tandemly repeated and recognized on the native mol. rather than processed and bound to the MHC. Even though the TCR was not MHC restricted, intercellular interactions found to facilitate this recognition included intercellular adhesion mol.-1/LFA-1, LFA-3/CD2, and class I/CD8. Intracellular parameters of MHC-unrestricted CTL activation were examd. to compare the recognition of the MUC1 epitope presented on synthetic microspheres, with the recognition of the native epitope in the context of other mols. on the target cells. The epitope on microspheres induced a transient influx of Ca2+ that was not accompanied by detectable tyrosine phosphorylation of the .zeta.-assocd. protein ZAP-70, whereas recognition of MUC1 epitopes on tumor cells caused a sustained Ca2+ influx and ZAP-70 phosphorylation. The transient influx of Ca2+ was not sufficient to cause translocation of the nuclear factor of activated T cells (NF-AT) into the nucleus or CTL proliferation. In contrast, recognition of the MUC1 epitope on tumor cells resulted in full activation of the

```
CTL, nuclear translocation of NF-AT, and proliferation. MHC-unrestricted
     TCR triggering, therefore, involves similar intercellular and
     intracellular events that participate in the conventional, MHC-restricted
     Ag recognition. Direct recognition of the MUC1 peptide
     epitope by the TCR in the absence of presentation by the MHC induces a
     partial signal that is completed by further interactions of other
     receptor/ligand pairs on the surface of the CTL and their target cells.
     tumor MUC1 epitope CTL TCR signaling
    Cell adhesion molecules
TΤ
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (ICAM-1 (intercellular adhesion mol. 1); intercellular and
        intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a
        tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial antigen
        MUC1)
IT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (MHC (major histocompatibility
        complex), class I; intercellular and
        intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a
        tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial antigen
        MUC1)
     Transcription factors
TT
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (NF-AT; intercellular and intracellular events following
        MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
        epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
     Cell proliferation
        (T cell; intercellular and intracellular events following
        MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
        epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
ΙT
     Phosphoproteins
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (ZAP-70 (TCR receptor .zeta.-chain-assocd., 70,000-mol.-wt.);
        intercellular and intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR
        recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial
        antigen MUC1)
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (cytotoxic; intercellular and intracellular events following
        MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
        epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
     Mucins
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; intercellular and intracellular events following
        MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
        epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
TT
     Biological transport
        (influx; intercellular and intracellular events following
        MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
        epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
TΤ
     Antitumor agents
     Cell nucleus
     Epithelium
     Epitopes
     Signal transduction, biological
        (intercellular and intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR
        recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial
        antigen MUC1)
ΙT
     CD2 (antigen)
     CD8 (antigen)
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LFA-1 (antigen)
     LFA-3 (antigen)
     TCR (T cell receptors)
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
      (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (intercellular and intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR
         recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial
         antigen MUC1)
     Biological transport
         (intracellular; intercellular and intracellular events following
         MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
         epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
IT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
         (proliferation; intercellular and intracellular events following
         MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
         epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
ΙT
     Phosphorylation, biological
         (protein; intercellular and intracellular events following
         MHC-unrestricted TCR recognition of a tumor-specific peptide
         epitope on epithelial antigen MUC1)
     7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
                                                    148047-34-1, Kinase
      (phosphorylating), protein ZAP-70
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
      (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (intercellular and intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR
         recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial
         antigen MUC1)
     207353-40-0, 116-215-Mucin (human)
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
      (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (intercellular and intracellular events following MHC-unrestricted TCR
         recognition of a tumor-specific peptide epitope on epithelial
         antigen MUC1)
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L41 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ΑN
     1998:181789 HCAPLUS
DN
     128:293738
TI
     Peptide mimics of a tumor antigen induce functional
     cytotoxic T cells
ΑU
     Apostolopoulos, Vasso; Lofthouse, Shari A.; Popovski, Violeta;
     Chelvanayagam, Gareth; Sandrin, Mauro S.; McKenzie, Ian F. C.
CS
     Austin Res. Inst., Heidelberg, 3084, Australia
SO
     Nature Biotechnology (1998), 16(3), 276-285
     CODEN: NABIF9; ISSN: 1087-0156
PΒ
     Nature America
DT
     Journal
     English
LΑ
CC
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
AB
     The ability to mimic peptide/peptide and/or
     peptide/carbohydrate structures may be important in generating
     cross-reactive antibodies for autoimmune and other diseases. We show that
     the peptide sequence DAHWESWL can mimic the conformation of the
     unrelated \boldsymbol{MUC1} \boldsymbol{peptide} \mathtt{SAPDTRPAP}(\mathtt{G}) . Mice immunized
     with mannan-MUC1-peptides make cytotoxic T lymphocytes
     (CTLs) and are protected from MUC1+ tumors. We show that the
     same specific anti-MUC1 responses can be produced by immunizing
     with the DAHWESWL peptide; furthermore, specific tumor
     protection is obtained in a manner similar to that with MUC1
     immunization. The DAHWESWL peptide immunization leads to CTLs
     that recognize H2Dd and H2La but not H2b or human leukocyte
     antigens-group A (HLA-A) *0201 presented MUC1
     peptides. However, mutation of the DAHWESWL peptide to
     a more HLA-A*0201-compatible structure with appropriate anchors
     (DLHWASWV), leads to the prodn. of CTLs in HLA-A*0201 mice.
ST
     MUC1 peptide mimic antitumor vaccine CTL
IT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (H-2Dd; peptide mimics of a tumor
        antigen induce functional cytotoxic T cells)
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (H-2Ld; peptide mimics of a tumor
```

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antigen induce functional cytotoxic T cells)
     Histocompatibility antigens
      RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
      (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (HLA-A; peptide mimics of a tumor
         antigen induce functional cytotoxic T cells)
      T cell (lymphocyte)
         (cytotoxic; peptide mimics of a tumor antigen
         induce functional cytotoxic T cells)
ΙT
      RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
         (episialins; peptide mimics of a tumor antigen
         induce functional cytotoxic T cells)
     Antitumor agents
     Cytolysis
      Peptidomimetics
     Vaccines
         (peptide mimics of a tumor antigen induce
         functional cytotoxic T cells)
      Conformation
ΙT
         (protein; peptide mimics of a tumor antigen induce
         functional cytotoxic T cells)
TT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
         (tumor-specific antigens; peptide mimics of a tumor
         antigen induce functional cytotoxic T cells)
     189064-85-5
TΨ
                     206259-52-1
      RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
      study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
      (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (peptide mimics of a tumor antigen induce
         functional cytotoxic T cells)
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RE.CNT 35
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L41 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1997:692497 HCAPLUS
AN
     127:328035
DN
     MUC1 peptide epitopes associated with five different
ΤI
     H-2 class I molecules
     Apostolopoulos, Vasso; Haurum, John S.; McKenzie, Ian F. C.
ΑU
     Austin Research Institute, Heidelberg, 3084, Australia
CS
     European Journal of Immunology (1997), 27(10), 2579-2587
SO
     CODEN: EJIMAF; ISSN: 0014-2980
PΒ
     Wiley-VCH
DΤ
     Journal
LA
     English
     6-3 (General Biochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 15
     Previously the induction of murine CD8+ MHC class I-restricted cytotoxic {\tt T}
AR
     cells (CTL) was described recognizing the 20-amino acid repeat region of
     the human mucin 1 (MUC1) variable no. of tandem repeats region
     (VNTR), a mucin greatly increased in expression in breast cancer and
     proposed as a target for immunotherapy. CTL could detect MUC1
     peptides assocd. with the MHC of all 9 strains examd., and the
     different epitopes were now reported presented by 5 different MHC class I
     mols. The epitopes were defined in CTL assays using peptide
     -pulsed phytohemagglutinin blasts or MHC class I-transfected L cells as
     targets; in addn., \ensuremath{\text{\textbf{peptide}}} binding assays and T cell
     proliferation studies were performed. Within the 20-amino acid VNTR, 9
     potential epitopes were defined. The epitopes for the 4 MHC class I mols.
     [Kb (three epitopes), Dd, Ld, and Kk] were closely related, all contg. the
     amino acids PDTRPAP. For Db, 3 epitopes were identified, all contg.
     APGSTAP. Most of the epitopes did not contain a consensus motif for the
     particular MHC class I allele, and bound with low "affinity", compared
     with known high-affinity peptides. CD8+ T cell proliferation
     also occurred to the same MHC class I-presented epitopes. Finally, when
     conventional anchor residues were introduced into the pep-tides,
     peptide binding increased, whereas CTL recognition was either
     retained (Kb) or lost (Db) depending on the epitope.
ST
     MUC1 peptide epitope MHCI H2 antigen;
     protein sequence MUC1 peptide
     Histocompatibility antigens
IT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (H-2Db; MUC1 peptide epitopes
        assocd. with 5 different H-2 class
        I mols.)
     Histocompatibility antigens
IΤ
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (H-2Dd; MUC1 peptide epitopes
        assocd. with 5 different H-2 class
        I mols.)
IT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (H-2Kb, H-2Kb; MUC1
        peptide epitopes assocd. with 5 different H-2
        class I mols.)
```

TΨ

Histocompatibility antigens

```
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (H-2Kk, H-2Lb; MUC1 peptide
        epitopes assocd. with 5 different H-2 class
        I mols.)
IT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (H-2Ld; MUC1 peptide epitopes
        assocd. with 5 different H-2 class
        I mols.)
TT
     Antigen presentation
        (MUC1 peptide epitopes assocd. with 5 different H-2
        class I mols.)
IT
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (MUC1 peptide epitopes assocd. with 5 different H-2
        class I mols.)
ΤТ
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (cytotoxic; MUC1 peptide epitopes assocd. with 5
        different H-2 class I mols.)
ΙT
     Mucins
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
        (episialins; MUC1 peptide epitopes assocd. with 5
        different H-2 class I mols.)
ΙT
     Epitopes
        (mapping; MUC1 peptide epitopes assocd. with 5
        different H-2 class I mols.)
ΙT
     121501-23-3
                   129437-43-0
                                 136182-68-8
                                               158092-77-4
                                                             158092-78-5
                                               158092-82-1
                   158092-80-9
                                 158092-81-0
                                                             186412-97-5
     158092-79-6
     198020-60-9
                   198020-62-1
                                 198020-64-3
                                               198020-65-4
                                                              198020-66-5
                   198020-69-8
                                 198020-70-1
                                               198020-71-2
                                                              198020-72-3
     198020-67-6
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (amino acid sequence of MUC1 peptide epitopes
        assocd. with 5 different H-2 class I mols.)
    ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L41
     1996:76017 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     124:139020
DN
     The epithelial mucin MUC1 contains at least two discrete signals
TI
     specifying membrane localization of cells
     Pemberton, Lucy F.; Rughetti, Aurelia; Taylor-Papadimitriou, Joyce
ΑU
     ; Gendler, Sandra J.
     Imp. Cancer REs. Fund., London, WC2A 3PX, UK
CS
SO
     Journal of Biological Chemistry (1996), 271(4), 2332-40
     CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
PΒ
     American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     6-3 (General Biochemistry)
CC
AΒ
     The MUC1 gene product (PEM, polymorphic epithelial mucin) is a
     cell-assocd. glycoprotein expressed on the apical surface of most simple
     secretory epithelia. The transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains of
     MUC1 have been shown to be highly conserved between mammalian
     species, and it has been shown that this mol. interacts with the actin
     cytoskeleton. Apical targeting signals in polarized cells have yet to be
              The mechanism by which MUC1 is targeted and maintained
     on the apical surface is not known; correct localization, however, would
     be predicted to be crucial for function. In order to det. which domains
     of MUC1 were important for this localization, mutational anal.
     of the protein was undertaken. Using cytoplasmic tail deletion mutants,
```

fusion proteins of MUC1 and CD2, and site-directed mutagenesis, it could be shown that MUC1 appeared to contain at least two motifs involved in apical localization. The first was located in the extracellular domain and was sufficient to confer apical localization on the fusion protein. The second was the Cys-Gln-Cya (CQC) motif at the junction of the cytoplasmic and transmembrane domains. This sequence was necessary for surface expression. These results suggest that MUC1 contains two discrete motifs important in its apical localization. STmucin MUC1 membrane location signal Cell membrane (the epithelial mucin MUC1 contains at least two discrete signals specifying membrane localization of cells) IT Antigens RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (CD2, the epithelial mucin MUC1 contains at least two discrete signals specifying membrane localization of cells) Mucins RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence) (episialins, the epithelial mucin MUC1 contains at least two discrete signals specifying membrane localization of cells) TΤ Peptides, biological studies RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (signal, the epithelial mucin MUC1 contains at least two discrete signals specifying membrane localization of cells) L41 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 1995:996653 HCAPLUS 124:53725 DN Cellular immune response-specific antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections IN Longenecker, B. Michael; Ding, Lei; Reddish, Mark A.; Koganty, Raghupathi PΑ Biomira, Inc., Can. SO PCT Int. Appl., 141 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent LAEnglish ICM A61K039-00 IC ICS C07K014-74 CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry) FAN.CNT 1 KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE 19951019 WO 1995-US4540 19950412 <------WO 9527505 PIA1 W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 9522470 19951030 AU 1995-22470 A1 19950412 <--PRAI US 1994-229606 19940412 <---WO 1995-US4540 19950412 <--A pharmaceutically acceptable immunogenic compn. which induces cell-mediated immunity comprises: (a) a nonnaturally occurring conjugate of a primary T-cell epitope of a cancer-assocd. antigen or a microbially, parasitically, or virally infected cell-assocd. antigen with an immunomodulatory peptide, or (b) a mixt. of (1) primary antigen bearing a T-cell epitope of a cancer-assocd. antigen or a microbially, parasitically, or

```
virally infected cell-assocd. antigen and (2) an
     immunomodulatory peptide, where the conjugate of (a) and the
     immunomodulatory peptide of (b) has mol. wt. <5000 Da. The
     immunomodulatory peptide comprises an allopeptide
     moiety of .gtoreq.5 amino acids whose sequence corresponds essentially to
     that of a polymorphic region of an MHC-encoded polymorphic Class I or
     Class II antigen. The compn. modulates a stronger cellular than
     humoral immune response and is useful for treatment of tumors. Thus, a
     synthetic peptide derived from cancer-assocd. mucin MUC
     -1 conjugated with H2Kb(61-69) peptide (ERETQKAKG)
     preferentially induced a specific delayed-type hypersensitivity reaction
     to a MUC-1-serum albumin conjugate in allogeneic
     H2Ka/H2d mice, and the chimeric MUC-1-H2Kb
     peptide conjugated to keyhole limpet hemocyanin also induced
     delayed-type hypersensitivity in syngeneic C57/BL6 (H2Kb) mice.
     cellular immunity vaccine tumor infection; peptide
     immunomodulator conjugate cellular immunity; T lymphocyte antigen
     antitumor vaccine
     Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
IΤ
     Candida
     Escherichia coli
     Leishmania
     Neoplasm inhibitors
     Parasiticides
     Plasmodium (malarial genus)
     Protozoacides
     Schistosoma
     Shigella
     Staphylococcus
     Toxoplasma
     Tuberculostatics
     Vaccines
     Virucides and Virustats
        (cellular immune response-specific antigens as vaccines for
        treatment of tumors and infections)
     Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
TΤ
        (cellular immunity-inducing; of histocompatibility antigen
        peptides and conjugates)
IT
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (immunomodulators; cellular immune response-specific antigens
        as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (infection-assocd.; cellular immune response-specific antigens
        as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
ΙT
     Immunostimulants
        (peptides; cellular immune response-specific antigens
        as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (Epstein-Barr, cellular immune response-specific antigens as
        vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
ΙT
     Histocompatibility antigens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (H-2D, cellular immune response-specific
        antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
     Histocompatibility antigens
```

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(H-2K, cellular immune response-specific

antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(H-2L, cellular immune response-specific

antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(HLA-A, cellular immune response-specific

antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(HLA-B, cellular immune response-specific

antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(HLA-C, cellular immune response-specific

antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(MHC (major histocompatibility

antigen complex), class I,

cellular immune response-specific **antigens** as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(MHC (major histocompatibility

antigen complex), class II,

cellular immune response-specific **antigens** as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Lymphocyte

(T-cell, cellular immune response-specific antigens as

vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Blood-group substances

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Tn, sialyl; cellular immune response-specific **antigens** as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Immunity

(cell-mediated, cellular immune response-specific **antigens** as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

IT Hemocyanins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(conjugates, with **peptides**; cellular immune response-specific **antigens** as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)

```
ΙT
    Virus, animal
        (hepatitis B, cellular immune response-specific antigens as
        vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
IT
        (herpes simplex, cellular immune response-specific antigens
        as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
TΥ
     Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency, cellular immune response-specific
        antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (immunoconjugates, cellular immune response-specific antigens
        as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
ΙT
    Virus, animal
        (influenza, cellular immune response-specific antigens as
        vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (rabies, cellular immune response-specific antigens as
        vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
TΤ
     Antigens
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (tumor-assocd., cellular immune response-specific antigens as
        vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
IT
     Interferons
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (.gamma., cellular immune response mediation by; cellular immune
        response-specific antigens as vaccines for treatment of
        tumors and infections)
                                 172284-97-8
ΙT
     149205~73-2
                  172284-96-7
                                               172284-98-9
                                                              172284-99-0
                                               172285-03-9
     172285-00-6
                   172285-01-7
                                 172285-02-8
                                                              172285-04-0
     172285-05-1
                   172285-06-2
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (cellular immune response-specific antigens as vaccines for
        treatment of tumors and infections)
IΤ
     96031-92-4
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (of H2Kb antigen; cellular immune response-specific
        antigens as vaccines for treatment of tumors and infections)
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                SET COST OFF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:24:55 ON 08 MAY 2003
                E US2000-187215/AP, PRN
              1 S E5
L1
                E MUC
           1212 S E4 OR E3()1
L2
                E PROTEIN SEQUENCE/CT
                E E11+ALL
L3
         222450 S E2 OR E9+NT
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Page 40
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L4
            128 S L2 AND L3
             93 S E2 AND L4
L5
            412 S L2 AND ?PEPTIDE?
L6
L7
            467 S L4, L5, L6
            282 S L7 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
                E MHC/CT
                E E11+ALL
L9
           3232 S E2
                E HISTOCOMPATIBILITY/CT
             87 S E5-E118 AND L2
L10
                E E5+ALL
             89 S E4, E3+NT AND L2
L11
L12
             19 S L2 AND L9
             22 S L10-L12 AND L8
L13
             22 S L7 AND L13
L14
                E PEPTIDE/CT
                E E87+ALL
            134 S L2 AND E1+NT
L15
                E PEPTIDE SEQUENCE/CT
                E E4+ALL
            674 S L2 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
L16
L17
             72 S L15 AND L16
             22 S L8, L17 AND L9, L11
L18
             22 S L18 AND ANTIGEN?
L19
                E TAYLOR PAPADIMITRIOU /AU
            185 S E2-E8
L20
                E PAPADIMIT/AU
                E KEUKAMP L/AU
                E HEUKAMP L/AU
L21
              5 S E4-E6
                E OFFRINGA R/AU
L22
            104 S E3,E5
                E MELIEF C/AU
            234 S E4, E5, E9-E18
L23
                E ACRES B/AU
             24 S E3, E4
L24
                E THOMAS M/AU
L25
           1270 S E3-E63
                E THOMAS MIR/AU
              2 S E6
L26
L27
             61 S L20-L26 AND L2
             41 S L27 AND L16
L28
L29
             12 S L28 AND L7
             41 S L28 AND L16
L30
              2 S L27 AND L9
L31
              5 S L27 AND L10, L11
L32
             44 S L28-L32
L33
                SEL DN AN 2 5 12 14
L34
              4 S L33 AND E1-E12
L35
              2 S L33 AND L17
              5 S L34, L35
L36
              8 S L19 AND L17
L37
             13 S L36, L37
L38
L39
             13 S L19 NOT L38
                SEL DN AN 1 8 9
              3 S L39 AND E13-E21
L40
L41
             16 S L38, L40 AND L1-L40
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